

The Crittenden Press

VOLUME XII

MARION, CRITTENDEN COUNTY, KENTUCKY, MARCH 9, 1893.

NUMBER 36

DEMOCRAT DAY.

GROVER CLEVELAND AGAIN ASSUMES THE REINS OF GOVERNMENT

Washington, Full of enthusiastic Democrats, who March and shout in the rain and snow.

Washington, March 4. Grover Cleveland, of New York, thrice nominated for President of the United States and twice elected, was today successfully inducted into that high office for his second term, with all appropriate ceremonies, the gathering of a mighty multitude, and with the accompaniment of a blinding snow-storm. But notwithstanding every disadvantage of weather, the first occasion was greater than the first.

At least 10,000 men with a heaven of tar women marched today along the great national avenue to or from the Capitol. Had the atmospheric conditions been anything like favorable instead of being as bad as could possibly be, the crowd probably have been 50,000 men and a number of ladies, marching in the parade.

The procession, composed of the various military and naval units, the police, the fire department, the various societies, and the general public, was a magnificent sight.

The procession, which was under the command of Gen. Martin, G. M. Mahon, of New York, Grand Marshal, was composed of two grand divisions, each grand division being in turn subdivided into divisions and brigades. The United States forces, which led the parade were under the command of Brig. Gen. John R. Brooke, and presented a splendid appearance. All commissioned and other officers carrying swords gave the military salute as they passed in review, turning toward President Cleveland as they did so. The impetuous President returned the salute by raising his hat, accompanied by an almost imperceptible nod.

To describe the vast procession, embracing so many organizations, would take too much space for this paper. Many of the magnificent clubs, companies and delegations, attracted great attention and outbursts of applause greeted them on every hand. As the governors of the several States passed the reviewing stand, leading the military and civic organizations of their States, there were occasional outbursts of enthusiasm that throughout the vast throng. Gov. Patterson, of Pennsylvania; Gov. Lee, of Virginia; Gov. West, of New Jersey, attracted unusual attention. The governors of eleven States were present, and accompanied by their aides. Tammany Hall, headed by Governor Flower, had 3,000 horses in line. Every available inch of space along the line of march was occupied, and seats sold from \$5 each up and down.

The parade today was greater in numbers and more imposing in military and civic display than that of any previous inauguration. Gen. Martin, F. McMahon, of New York, the Grand Capital Hill as far as the eye could reach from the eastern front of the Capitol was an undulating sea of humanity, assembled to witness the inaugurating of the oath of office to President-elect Grover Cleveland, and to hear many of them as could get within ear-shot, the inaugural address. The inaugural stand was on the east portion of the Capitol. An hour previous to the President, Vice-President-elect Stevenson was sworn in by the retiring Vice-President, in the Senate chamber. At 1:35 the doors, leading to the east portico, swung open, and the stand began to be animated by the presence of those who were to occupy it.

Then came Sergeant-at-Arms Vallentine and Senators Teller, McPherson and Ransom, of the Committee of Arrangements, preceding President Harrison and President-elect Cleveland, who walked side by side. Behind the incoming and outgoing Presidents followed members of the Senate and an immensely large contingent from the Diplomatic Corps, members of the House of Representatives, Governors of States and other official persons.

The President and President-elect, Vice-President Morton, Chief Justice Fuller and the Committee on Arrangements were shown to the front platform, where, within a raised inclosure, had been laid a bright green carpet, upon which had been placed large leather covered chairs, several tables, a reading desk and other furnishings which gave a bright touch to the scene. Mr. Cleveland was warmly greeted by the patient throng gathered about the stand, and after a few minutes of delay stepped to the front and began the delivery of his inaugural address.

At the conclusion of his remarks Mr. Cleveland turned around to the Chief Justice, who was attired in the robes of his office, to take the oath prescribed by the Constitution. Chief Justice Fuller and the other persons near to the President removed their hats and with bared heads listened to the taking of the oath of office, which was pronounced by Chief Justice Fuller in a clear voice. Mr. Cleveland, assuming to it by bowing his head and kissing the Bible. The oath taken by the President is what is known as the Constitution oath, and reads as follows:

"I do solemnly swear that I will faithfully execute the office of President of the United States, and will, to the best of my ability, preserve, protect and defend the Constitution of the United States."

The Bible used in the ceremony was given President Cleveland by his mother, sixty-nine years ago.

CLEVELAND'S CABINET.

THE MEN WHO WILL BE THE PRESIDENT'S ADVISERS.

SIX OF THE EIGHT LAWYERS.

Lamont and Morton are old newspaper men, and Smith is both a lawyer and a journalist. The careers of Gresham, Carlisle, Bissell, Herbert and Olney.

In his choice of cabinet President Cleveland has particularly honored the legal profession. Six out of the eight portfolios went to lawyers, and old newspaper men secured the remaining two. The legal luminaries are Walter Q. Gresham, John G. Carlisle, Hilary A. Herbert, Hoke Smith, Wilson S. Bissell and Richard Olney. The newspaper men are Daniel S. Lamont and J. Sterling Morton, and Mr. Smith is also prominent in the newspaper world in the south.

Walter Quinton Gresham, the premier of the Cleveland administration, is now 61 years of age. March has been an important month in his career, for he was born at Lanesville, Ind., March 17, 1832, and in March 1893, he assumes the office of secretary of state, the highest place in the gift of the president elect. It is odd, too, that he was born in Harrison county, and that 60 years later he should resign to support for president the grandson of the man from whom the county of his birth took its name. Mr. Gresham was born on a farm in a rather wild locality, and when he was only two years old Sheriff Gresham, his father, was killed by a desperado. There were six children for the widow to support, but young Gresham managed to get a good education and became a lawyer. When the Republican party was organized, he joined it and took up the anti-slavery cause.

When the war broke out, Gresham led a company of home guards into the federal service, and for gallant services rose gradually in rank until he was made a brigadier-general at Vicksburg. In July 1864, he was disabled by a mine ball which broke his leg as he was leading a charge. General Grant made him United States district judge, and he served for 12 years, during which time not a single one of his decisions was reversed by the United States supreme court. Judge Gresham received many honors at President Arthur's hands. He was successively made postmaster general, secretary of the treasury and United States judge for the Seventh district at Chicago. In October, 1892, after he had refused the People's party nomination for president, he announced that he would vote for Cleveland.

John Griffin Carlisle, the new secretary of the treasury, is one of the best known Democrats in the country. He was born in Kentucky 57 years ago, received a common school education and later taught school at Covington. He was admitted to the bar in 1858, was a member of the state house of representatives the two years following, and beginning in 1866



served two terms in the state senate. In 1868 he was delegate at large to the national Democratic convention at New York, and he served as lieutenant governor of his state from 1871 to 1875. The year following the leading young statesman was sent to congress, where for 17 years as congressman, speaker of the house and senator he made a great name for himself. He has only been in the senate since May, 1890, but resigned when Mr. Cleveland called him to the cabinet. Mr. Carlisle's family consists of himself, Mrs. Carlisle and two sons, Logan and Walter K. Carlisle.

Daniel S. Lamont, secretary of war, first achieved fame as private secretary to President Cleveland during his first term. His career has been a very interesting one. He was born in Carlisle county, N. Y., 12 years ago of Scotch parents, and when only 12 years of age he went to work in a newspaper office. His first public office was a deputy clerkship in New York, and in 1879, 1871 and 1875 he was a clerk in the New York state assembly. The two following years he was chief clerk in the state department at Albany, and during Governor Tilden's administration Lamont was regarded as his confidential man. In 1883 he was appointed private military secretary of Governor Grover Cleveland, and thus secured his title as colonel.

When Mr. Cleveland went to Washington as president, Lamont accompanied him. He already possessed a great reputation as a model private secretary—alert, keen, even tempered, diplomatic and silent—and after he had been at Washington a short time he was generally regarded as the most able private secretary a president had ever possessed. His tact, shrewdness and popularity made him one of the most conspicuous figures of the president's official family.

Hilary A. Herbert, secretary of the interior, was born 38 years ago in North Carolina. He removed to Georgia with his parents, and after receiving his education in the Atlanta schools became the principal of the girl's high school. While instructing pupils there he studied law and admitted to the bar in 1876. In the practice of his profession he was frequently retained in suits against railroads, and for years he has been known as a fearless enemy of grasping corporations. Having made a fortune out of his practice, Mr. Smith purchased the Atlanta Journal and made it one of the leading daily newspapers of the south. He is known as the "original Cleveland man of Georgia," having espoused the president elect's cause when he had need of friends in that state. He is over 6 feet tall and weighs 260 pounds. He was originally named Michael Hoke Smith, but early in life he dropped the Michael and signed himself Hoke Smith.

Wilson Shannon Bissell, postmaster general, is physically the biggest man in the cabinet, with the possible exception of Mr. Smith, but he is fully as well equipped with brain as he is with brawn. Mr. Bissell has long been known as "Boss Friend" Bissell because of his closeness to Mr. Cleveland and because of the fact that he was for some time the president's law partner at Buffalo. He was born in Oneida county, N. Y., 46 years ago and is a graduate of Yale. He studied law at Buffalo with A. P. Lansing, who later formed a partnership with Grover Cleveland and Oscar Watson.

Richard Olney, attorney general, is one of the best known lawyers in New England. He has twice refused the proffer of a seat on the supreme bench of Massachusetts. One year, merely to oblige his party friends, he accepted the Democratic nomination for attorney general, but was defeated. The only time he ever held the Democratic ticket was when General Butler ran for governor. His extreme modesty has thus far impelled him to refuse to allow his picture to be published.

J. Sterling Morton, secretary of agriculture, was born at Adams, Jefferson county, N. Y., April 22, 1832. He was graduated from Union college, Renovo, by Nebraska City, Nebraska, and in 1868 became the acting governor of the state, but was defeated. For years he has devoted himself to the cultivation of trees and the preservation of forests.

Has a Stone Coffin. Lexington, Ky., March 2.—Steven Lanford, a wealthy farmer of Madison county, has just had completed for himself here a stone coffin. It weighs about 1,500 pounds, and is made of Kentucky limestone, quarried from Langford's farm. He is eighty years old, but is apparently in the best of health. He says that the country around his home is over-run with polecats, snakes and groundhogs, and he believes the only way to keep them from depriving his body after death is to have it buried in a stone coffin.

GENERAL NEWS NOTES.

Win Coy was hanged at Pittsfield, Mass., Friday for murder.

The government will send troops to protect the Cherokee strip from invaders.

The Montana legislature adjourned without electing a United States Senator. The governor will appoint one.

There was a decrease of \$1,136,980 in the cash balance in the National Treasury last month. The public debt was increased \$245,700.

Ex-President Harrison has accepted a professorship in the Leland Stanford University, and will deliver a series of lectures on constitutional law, commencing next October.

Princess Kaiulani, of Hawaii, arrived in this country from London last week. She will plead with President Cleveland to be allowed to take charge of Hawaii, she being heir to the throne.

Hon. Theodore Tilton, of Covington, Ky., has been awarded \$2,500 damages in his suit against the Cincinnati Post for libel. Last fall he was a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Congress, and the Post published a story stating that Tilton had sold out to Berry.

MURDERED AND CREMATED.

A New Phase to the Greenville Crematorium.

Greenville, Ky., March 2.—There is a horrible suspicion that Cyrus Lee, his brother, sister, wife and child were murdered and Mr. Lee's residence set on fire to hide the evidence of the crime. Lee was an influential and wealthy farmer, and was married about a year ago. He had one child. Living with him were his brother and sister. His residence was an elegant frame building. Nothing is known of the origin of the fire or what occurred while it was burning. The five bodies were found in the ruins, all burned to a crisp, and the house and contents in a mass of ruins. It was impossible to distinguish one corpse from another, so complete was the work of cremation. Residents of that section of the neighborhood saw a blaze and smoke at 6 o'clock yesterday morning, and by the time the people had assembled everything was in ruins. If murder and robbery were committed, all traces are lost, and as none of the occupants of the house escaped, it is the common belief that a frightful wholesale slaughter was committed, the house robbed of all its valuables and the torch applied, which reduced everything to a charred mass. An investigation is in progress, but there is little hope expressed of ever ferreting out the crime, if one was committed.

Has a Stone Coffin.

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LOOK TO YOUR GOLD.

Banks are hoarding it in anticipation of an advance in its value.—Other Main Street News.

[Courier-Journal.] Gold is getting scarce. Banks are holding it in reserve and the Western Union Telegraph Company, which has heretofore always paid employees in gold, used currency for last month's work. E. C. Holm, cashier of the Third National Bank, speaking of the matter yesterday, said:

"Many of the banks are holding gold for the reserve funds instead of greenbacks. This is in anticipation of a premium on gold. Imports have been enormous of late and the balance of trade is against the United States. The non-action on the silver question also causes gold to be held. If silver becomes the standard, then gold will be held at a premium."

"There is now in circulation \$650,000,000 of gold. The banks of New York have already come to the rescue of the Government, giving gold for currency to keep up the reserve. In January the imports were decidedly heavy and the balance of trade was against the United States a matter of \$96,000,000. When it comes to paying this I anticipate a very heavy demand for gold."

"The Third National is hoarding its gold, as are also nearly all the banks in New York. It has always been the custom when Western banks wanted currency for the New York banks to deposit gold in the Treasury, whereupon the Government would send the currency free of charge. Now the banks hold the gold and send the currency themselves, paying eighty cents per thousand dollars express charges. This, you see, puts a premium of .08 cents on every dollar of gold."

Will Photograph the Prisoners. Warden Norman, of the Frankfort penitentiary, is figuring on an improvement for the State prison. He intends to place a photographic outfit in the office and snitch the shadow of every convict who is sent there. The picture will be filed for future reference. A system of measurements will also be established, as to the height, length of limbs, feet, fingers, and the like, and in this way the accurate picture and description of every convict will be secured. It will greatly facilitate the work of capturing escaped prisoners, and the plan does credit to Warden Norman, who has proved himself to be the right man in the right place. Paducah News.

The House of Episcopal Bishops, in session in New York last week passed resolutions declaring that the legislation against the Chinese race is "not only essentially unjust and in violation of the most venerable traditions of our government."

G. G. HAMMON JEWELLER

MARION, KY. is at Wilson & Woods. Watch and Jewelry repair. WORK WARRANTED. you anything in the cheaper than any one else buy until you see me.

E. C. Flannery Attorney-at-Law

MARION, KY. Prompt attention given to all business entrusted to his care. Collections a specialty.

Blue & Blue, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, MARION, KY.

FOR DYSPEPSIA, Indigestion, and Stomach disorders, use BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. All dealers keep it. \$1 per bottle. Genuine has red-mark and crossed red lines on wrapper.

All Kinds of Furniture REPAIRED

And Pictures framed by R. B. Dorr. You will find him at Bennett & Guess' Furniture Store.

HENRY BROS., Dealers in

Marble & Granite Monuments, Tombstones. Cemetery fences a Specialty, Marion, Ky.

They do the best work at the lowest prices. Don't buy until you get their prices. You will save money.

BRANDY FOR SALE.

I have a lot of fine brandy for sale at my house near Mulligan, Livingston county, Ky. T. A. MALIN.

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J. W. SKELTON is Agent for Buckeye Reapers, mowers, Binders and Hay Rakes.

THIS IS TO EVERYBODY AND TO EVERYONE.

PLEASE REMEMBER THAT WE ARE STILL

"IN IT."

AND CARRY, BY FAR, THE BEST, LARGEST AND CHEAPEST LINE OF GOODS

IN THE COUNTY.

IT : WILL : BE : OF : BENEFIT : TO : YOU
— TO SEE OUR LINE OF —

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, BOOTS, SHOES,
CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS, ETC.

WE ALWAYS GIVE MORE OF THE BEST GOODS FOR THE MONEY THAN ANYONE ELSE.

DON'T FAIL TO SEE OUR

CLOTHING,

FOR IT IS IMMENSE.

DON'T FAIL TO SEE OUR

LADIES' WRAPS FOR SPRING,
AS THEY ARE BEAUTIES.

We Have A Great Line of SHOES AND HATS.

Come and look, and you will see something NEW PRETTY AND CHEAP.

Red Front.

PIERCE, YANDELL, GUGENHEIM CO

LOCAL NEWS.

FOR THE LEGISLATURE

We are authorized to announce JOHN W. SKELTON as a candidate to represent Crittenden and Livingston counties in the next general assembly of Kentucky. He is subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce H. T. FLANNERY as a candidate to represent Crittenden and Livingston counties in the next General Assembly of Kentucky, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

FOR THE SENATE

We are authorized to announce S. U. NUNN as a candidate for the State Senate in the district composed of the counties of Crittenden, Caldwell and Webster, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce P. C. STEPHENS as a candidate for the State Senate in the Fourth Senatorial District, composed of the counties of Crittenden and Webster, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

LOCAL GOSSIP.

A CALL

To the Democratic County Committee.

The Democratic County Committee is hereby called to meet in Marion on Monday, March 13, 1903, at 10 o'clock, a. m. Every member is earnestly requested to be present.

P. S. MAXWELL, Chairman.

Fresh mackerel at Copher's.

Clover seed at Schwab's.

Early Rice potatoes at Copher's.

Dr. Cassitt reliable dentist, Marion.

Town lots for sale by R. C. Walker.

New goods at S. D. Hodge & Co's.

Line 20 cents per barrel at Schwab's.

Queensware of all descriptions at Copher's.

Go to Crider & Guess for bargains.

Tolu, Ky.

Four good work horses for sale.

M. Schwab.

Out seed, early rose Irish potatoes at Schwab's.

Pure country land for sale at Schwab's.

Knives and forks 45 cents per set at Schwab's.

Clover seed \$9 per bushel at Crider & Guess, Tolu, Ky.

Flour \$2.90 cents per barrel at Schwab's.

Coal oil 10 and 15 cents per gallon.

M. Schwab.

Sour kraut and pickles; I have the best made. — Schwab.

Paints and oils in any quantity at Moore & Orme's drug store.

18 pounds granulated sugar for \$1; 4 1/2 pounds best coffee for \$1.

M. Schwab.

White goods, hosiery and embroideries of the latest styles at S. D. Hodge & Co's.

Ready mixed paint; formerly \$1.50 per gallon, can be found at Moore & Orme's drug store for \$1.15.

Bring me your bacon and lard; I will pay the highest market price in cash or cash.

W. H. Copher.

I want your trade and must have it if prices will get it. Come to see me.

W. L. Clement, Tolu, Ky.

I want 100 bushels of late Irish potatoes. Bring them in for the cash.

M. Schwab.

Two tons of Collier's best white lead, and the best oils on the market at Moore & Orme's drug store, Marion.

WANTED—A lot of poplar lumber, for hogheads, delivered at my farm.

A. H. Carlin.

Shoes, shoes, of every kind and description at S. D. Hodge & Co's. at the very lowest cash price.

Walker & Olive, the furniture dealers and undertakers, have purchased a fine hearse.

J. W. Johnson is the place to buy your groceries, as he sells cheaper than any one in Marion.

Get your window shades at Walker & Olive. They have a big stock and great variety.

SETTLED AT LAST.

Marion to Have a New and Pretty Cemetery.

For a couple of years the people of Marion have been talking about a new cemetery. And efforts have been made to locate one and begin the work of beautifying it. After dragging along, the matter was finally settled Monday. A number of citizens visited the two places—one north of town, on J. L. Pierce's land, and the other west, on John Land's land. Monday night a meeting was held at the court house, and the merits of the two places fully discussed, and the propositions from each of the land owners heard. Both propositions were practically the same, and the preference of the meeting as to location was expressed by ballot, and the site west of town was chosen by a vote of 15 to 4. The land has been surveyed, and drives, walks and lots designated. It is a beautiful site, high and picturesque, and can be made a very beautiful place. The people should take hold of the matter and help to make what the community badly needs, a cemetery. County Court next Monday.

The Witherspoon sale Friday.

The jail has only two inmates.

The creamery made expenses last month.

Schwab has sold his butcher shop to E. D. Hays.

The P. O. candidates are beginning to get nervous.

Try our White Star Flour.

Crider & Guess, Tolu.

The roads—well, we have nothing of that kind worth speaking of.

Mr. R. Coffield's family will move to Harrisburg, Ill., in a few days.

If you want big bargains go to Crider & Guess, Tolu, Ky.

Mr. C. C. Holston has moved from Morrisburg, Tenn., to Marion.

Crider & Guess have the largest stock of clothing ever brought to Tolu.

Those lace and veils at Mrs. F. W. Lovings are lovely.

Are you in it? That is in the raise the tax supervisors are making.

Rev. B. F. Orr will preach at the Methodist church Sunday night.

Take your eggs to Crider & Guess and get 16 1/2 cents per dozen for them.

B. F. Vandell has sold his farm near Marion and will move to Indian Territory.

The county's reputation for damage suits is not going to lag after all, it appears.

Crider & Guess will sell you goods cheaper than any house in Tolu. Try them.

WANTED:—To buy a lot of small calves and pigs. Tommie Cameron, at J. N. Woods.

The little daughter of P. H. Woods, at Crineville, is dangerously ill with pneumonia.

The handsome monument of R. L. Moore, sr., will be the first to adorn the new grave yard.

W. F. Robertson has been granted peddlers licenses for a year. He will do business in this county.

Where do you buy your groceries from J. W. Johnson; he sells better groceries.

If the signs of the times are to be relied upon, we will have other candidates for the legislature yet.

I have for sale, two road wagons; one spring wagon; one buggy.

M. Schwab.

Dundridge Easley, colored, of Crider was examined by the board of medical pension examiners yesterday.

Mrs. Margaret Hill, living south of town about two miles, is dangerously ill, and her recovery is very doubtful.

Paint! paint, really mixed chemical pure, one dollar and fifteen cents per gallon, can be found only at Moore & Orme, druggists.

Baby buggies at Walker & Olive's. A large line to select from. Prices low. Call and see our pretty line.

Walker & Olive.

My expenses are less than any house in the county and I sell strictly for cash and shouldn't sell goods cheaper than any house in the county. Come to see me and I will prove to you that I will.

W. L. Clement.

COURT AFFAIRS.

A \$10,000 Damage Suit, and Other Cases.

A day or two since Mrs. Florence Burnett, through her attorneys, filed a damage suit against Mr. Sam Henry, of this place. The petition makes two allegations, each for \$5,000 damages. The matter is in plain terms the plaintiff accuses the defendant of making statements derogatory to her character and asks for \$10,000 damages.

W. M. Burton files suit against T. M. Young, asking judgment for \$371, alleging that the defendant owes him that amount for board and washing.

E. L. Nunn, administrator of the estate of Chapel Nunn, filed suit for sale of the land and settlement of said estate.

W. L. Clement filed suit against P. B. Croft on an account of \$75. The petition alleges that while the plaintiff and defendant were partners, the firm, at the instance of the defendant, sold goods to a third party, and the creditor failing to pay, the accounts of the firm, in dissolution of partnership, fell to the plaintiff, and he files suit to collect the \$75.

Laura A. Armstrong has filed suit asking to be divorced from her husband Henry Armstrong.

There will probably be some litigation concerning the location of the new cemetery. Some of the citizens of that part of the town are up and in arms against its location, at the place chosen. Yesterday A. J. Chittenden, whose residence lot adjoins the cemetery lot, called at the Press office to express himself. He said: "The location of the cemetery there will injure my property at least \$500. Nobody likes to live next door to the grave yard; besides this, the drainage will be right on me. I am going to fight it from the start; I have already employed an attorney, and some of my neighbors will do likewise. We propose to sue out an injunction, and by to-morrow the papers will be served. No, sir, I am not afraid of ghosts, spooks nor grave yard rabbits, but I don't propose to have the value of my property decreased 25 per cent. If I can help it, and we propose to spend some money to help it, too."

"I can't make butter out of this," said butter maker Lemon, of the Marion creamery, Monday; and as he spoke he brought to view a couple of pieces of ice, clear as crystal, and utterly devoid of the snowy color milk usually bears. The ice was taken from the bottom of the big weighing tub, into which the milk is placed when it comes to the creamery. The ice was, to all appearances, good milk when it was poured into the tub. The butter maker is of the opinion that some rain must have fallen in the milk while it was en route to the creamery, or else the effect of the low temperature, necessary to coagulate it, changes the color of the white milk to the clear colorless ice.

Mr. L. H. James returned from Edlyville Saturday, where he had been engaged as counsel in the examining trial of Charles Johnson, charged with killing John Cox, at Lamasco, last December. Mr. James was employed by the friends of the dead man to assist in the prosecution. Johnson was held to answer the charge at the May term of the Lyon county circuit court.

Last week Mr. Jesse Crawford received a telegram from Washington, notifying him of his appointment to a department clerkship. He goes into the educational department, and gets a handsome salary. He was examined under the civil service law, and the appointment is the result of the examination. He has been one of the county's best teachers.

Wm. Clark, Sherman Clark and Hodge Fritts were before Police Judge Hearin Monday, charged with a breach of the peace. Fritts was fined \$5; Wm. Clark one cent, and Sherman was acquitted. Thursday night they engaged in a little "scrap" in front of the post office; nobody was seriously hurt.

The board of tax supervisors are getting their work; the "raisers" they have made could by no means be counted on the fingers, and the total increase would make a pretty handsome competency for the average Crittenden county man.

Marriage Licenses.

Wm. R. Pauley to Miss Laura Beal.

AT THE WORK.

The Board of Tax Supervisors Arranging for Invitation for Their Farewell Appearance.

In the court room yesterday were five men pouring over a long list of names, a big stack of big books, and long columns of figures. The men were A. A. Deboe, J. E. Dean, E. B. Blackburn, T. E. Griffith and J. A. Yandell. They were the tax supervisors, and so busy were they that they would not stop to invite a visitor in if one appeared at the door.

"John Doe, two hundred acres of land, \$1000."

"Richard Roe, 100 acres \$400."

"Gentlemen, what do you say to the way this land is listed." This would be something like the words the visitor would hear from the reading clerk; then the second member would say: "Roe's land is worth more money than that." The fourth chimed in: "yes, he ought to be raised."

Then somebody would say \$600 would not be too much." All assented and Mr. Roe's list was augmented a couple of hundred.

Thus the work went on until all the Smiths, Jones and Browns in the county were called, and occasionally some fellow was "raised."

"Have you made much increase was asked. "We have finished all but two precincts, and the increase is now \$60,000. Our total increase will be close to \$75,000. Our work however is not final. We will probably adjourn today, and those parties whose list have been augmented will be summoned to appear before us ten days hence, and asked to show cause why these increases should not be made."

Glancing over the clerk's shoulder at the list before him, the visitor readily concluded that there would be a good many summonses issued.

The Board adjourned to meet Monday March 20.

Monday, at Princeton, a Mr. Dudley was fined \$600, and given 100 days in jail for selling liquor contrary to law.

J. W. Johnson has a Bradbury patching machine. Doing your shoes that need repairing and have them fixed at a small cost.

Cotton goods are high and still going up, but W. L. Clement will sell you good calico at 5 cents per yard, or good brown domestic at 5 cents per yard.

If you want a good thing on the farm, buy James' wagon bed lifter. Several farmers have already purchased, and they are well pleased with the useful article.

Mrs. Williams is in Louisville getting the latest styles in hats, trimmings, etc. When she returns Mrs. Lovings will have the most complete stock of millinery goods.

The District Mission Board of the Ohio River Association have discontinued preaching at Baker's school house, and Rev. Blackburn will not preach at that place hereafter.

Messrs. Fred Lemon, Thos. Davis and J. G. Gilbert would accept a storekeeper-gauger place under the new administration. They will notify the collector of their desire to accommodate him.

The following are the names of the pupils in the Primary Department, who recited the most number of perfect lessons in the month of February:

Spelling, Mabel Guess; reading, Roy Lamb and Kay Kevil; arithmetic, Melrose Vernon and Ed Perry; geography, Kay Kevil; grammar, Frank Doe and Louisa Clark; history, Ed Guess; physiology, Claude Schwab.

ALICE BROWNING, Teacher.

Still After the Boys.

Last Saturday Deputy United States Marshal Coby was in this county again. This time he took Ole Simmons, of Dyonsburg, to Paducah, to answer to the charge of selling liquor without license from the Federal government. Mr. Simmons is charged with selling at the Piney camp-meeting. This makes three of the boys who have been arrested, charged with the same offense, at the same place and time. It is said that there are warrants for others. If the arrests continue, the Piney camp-meeting will probably be without any disturbance of that character this year.

Marriage Licenses.

Wm. R. Pauley to Miss Laura Beal.

FACTS AND FIGURES.

Our Wealth and Products as Shown by the Assessor's Book.

Assessor McCaslin had his books on hand Monday ready for the supervisors. According to the books as they came from the Assessor our wealth is divided up as follows:

Land 275,157 acres; value \$1,384,270.

Value of town lots, 233,813.

Horses, 3,794; value, 223,550.

Mules, 1,823; value, 113,975.

Cattle, 8,350; value, 88,215.

Hogs, 23,078; value, 72,395.

Jacks, 12; value, 1,340.

Jennetts, 3; value, 75.

Sheep, 5,690; value, 12,075.

Tobacco, 2,257,523 lbs; acreage, 2,751.

Corn, 647,914 bushels; acreage, 34,328.

Wheat, 84,721 bushel; acreage, 6,901.

Hay, 5,256 tons.

Value agricultural implements, 34,570.

Value of wagons, buggies, etc, 38,400.

Value of steam engines, boilers, 21,820.

Value land reworked by citizens, 26,965.

Notes secured by mortgages, 58,175.

Other notes, 169,910.

Outstanding accounts, 15,150.

Cash on hand, 39,150.

Cash on deposit, 29,805.

The taxable property by precincts is as follows:

East Marion, 337,630.

West Marion, 568,100.

Dyonsburg, 249,375.

Union, 175,940.

Hurricane, 473,055.

For's Ferry, 141,350.

Ball's Mines, 186,010.

Piney, 272,445.

Total, 2,403,905.

Colored list, 20,480.

Total taxable property, 2,424,385.

White voters, 2,563.

Colored voters, 148.

Total, 2,711.

The farm products of the colored list is as follows:

Wheat, 1,093 bushels.

Corn, 13,820 bushels.

Tobacco, 51,200 pounds.

Value of hogs, \$1,680.

Value of cattle, 1,915.

Value of sheep, 115.

Value of horses, 3,205.

Value of mules, 3,640.

The following is a list of tax payers who pay on \$3,000 and over:

Barnes, Mary, 3,260.

Bigham, Bob't, 6,720.

Blue, J. W. sr, 13,280.

Blue, J. W. sr, & Co, 13,280.

Crow, Wm., 3,000.

Crow, Lawrence, 6,630.

Croce, A. L., 5,475.

Dean, A., 3,945.

Foster, Bob't, 5,730.

Fowler, Wm., 8,325.

Pierce & Son, 8,325.

Reed, J. P., 12,405.

Schwab, M., 6,115.

Slocumaker, Peter, 3,130.

Wallingford, W. D., 3,505.

Blue, Mrs. Mary, 6,235.

Boaz, John D., 13,225.

Boaz, John D., 13,270.

Carnahan, W. B., 14,415.

Carnahan, W. G., 12,200.

Carter, T. H., 5,110.

Carter, Garland, 13,155.

Clark, J. H., 4,755.

Clark, J. R., 9,560.

Clark & Clark, 3,050.

Crider, G. M., 10,020.

Crider, W. B., 7,350.

Deboe, A. C., 3,580.

Dewey, A. & Co., 4,500.

Doss, C. E., 3,400.

Haynes, H. A., 3,400.

Graves, W. S., 3,160.

Moore, Thos. P., 3,150.

Oliver, W. E., 4,750.

Oliver, W. E., 4,380.

Stephenson, J. E., 6,140.

Yancey, Bess, 4,565.

Bennett, W. B., 3,550.

Carlin, A. H., 13,730.

Carlin, A

